1	JACKIE Y. COLEMAN (SBN: 105570)		
2	OFFICE OF CLIENTS' RIGHTS ADVOCACY	/	
3	Disability Rights California 100 Howe Avenue, Suite 240N		
4	Sacramento, CA 95825		
5	(916) 575-1615 ext. 8144		
6	Attorney Specially Appearing for Claimant XX	ΚX	
7			
8			
9	OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS		
10	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
11	In the Matter of:	CASE #	
12	XXX,	MOTION TO ORDER	
13		REGIONAL CENTER TO	
14	Claimant	PROVIDE PROPER NOTICE AND TO PROVIDE AID PAID	
15	VS.	PENDING	
16	ALTA CALIFORNIA REGIONAL CENTER,	AND OBJECTION TO	
17	ALIA GALII ORNIA REGIONAL GENTER,	MOTION TO DISMISS	
18	Service	FAIR HEARING REQUEST	
19	Agency /		
20			
21	Jackie Coleman is licensed to practic	e law in the state of California	
22	and is an employee of		
23	Disability Rights California. Jackie Coleman	is making a special appearance	
24	for the sole nurness of representing Claiman	t in this Motion and Objection to	
25	for the sole purpose of representing Claiman	t iii tiiis iviotion and Objection to	
26	Motion.		
27	FACTS		
28			

On August 19, 2009, Alta California Regional Center (ACRC) mailed three Notices of Action (NOA) to XXX (Claimant). Claimant is a minor and lives with her mother XXX (Mother). On August 28, 2009, Mother faxed three Requests for Hearings to ACRC and on August 29, 2009, Mother mailed three Requests for Hearing to ACRC. One NOA terminated "City of Sacramento Access Leisure". The second NOA terminated "Horses for Healing". And the third NOA reduced respite.

Claimant has a diagnosis of autism, mental retardation, incontinence, trouble with balance and walking, seizures and respiratory problems.

All three NOAs were written in English. Mother does not read English. Mother reads and speaks Spanish. Attached are the three Requests for Hearing which were all written in Spanish by Mother. ACRC communicates with Mother in Spanish and knows that Spanish is Mother's preferred language. In order for Mother to receive adequate notice, she needs to receive the NOAs in English.

The NOAs state: "Due to the budget reductions, several changes were made to the Lanterman Act that now prohibit Alta California Regional Center from paying for some services including social recreation, experimental therapies, and non-medical therapies like art, dance and music."

The NOAs fail to mention that an exemption may be granted in extraordinary circumstances to permit purchase of a service. Since the NOA fails to explain how and when an exemption may be granted, it is incomplete and therefore does not provide adequate notice.

The NOAs terminate the funding for "City of Sacramento Access Leisure" and "Horses for Healing" effective September 20, 2009. Shortly before receiving the NOA, Mother was notified by both "City of Sacramento Access Leisure" and by "Horses for Healing" that ACRC had stopped funding to these agencies effective immediately and that their services would no longer be available unless Mother paid for the services. ACRC constructively terminated these services on ______. Per the NOA, Claimant is entitled to this service during the appeal process. ACRC has failed to continue to provide the services of "City of Sacramento Access Leisure" and "Horses for Healing".

ACRC states in its Motion to Dismiss that it has reviewed available information, including Claimant's Fair Hearing Request, and has determined that Claimant's circumstances do not warrant an exemption pursuant to W&I Code §4648.5(c).

Other than reviewing Claimant's Fair Hearing Request, there is no indication in ACRC's Motions to Dismiss as to what other records have been

reviewed. There is also no indication that ACRC has explained the exemption to Claimant or that ACRC has discussed with Claimant how Claimant in fact may warrant an exemption or be entitled to these services under a different classification.

Because of her disabilities, Claimants has balance problems that are ameliorated by services through "Horses for Healing". Alta has offered no other services to ameliorate the physical effects of Claimant's developmental disability. "City of Sacramento Access Leisure" provides both social skills training and social recreation services. "City of Sacramento Access Leisure" has greatly benefitted Claimant by teaching her social skills and assisting her in developing meaningful relationships with other children.

<u>LAW</u>

- 4705. (a) Every service agency shall, as a condition of continued receipt of state funds, have an agency fair hearing procedure for resolving conflicts between the service agency and recipients of, or applicants for, service.
- 4710. (a) Adequate notice shall be sent to the applicant or recipient and the authorized representative, if any, by certified mail at least 30 days prior to any of the following actions:
- (1) The agency makes a decision without the mutual consent of the service recipient or authorized representative to reduce, terminate, or change services set forth in an individual program plan.
- 4710.5. (a) Any applicant for or recipient of services, or authorized representative of the applicant or recipient, who is dissatisfied with any decision or action of the service agency which he or she believes to be illegal, discriminatory, or not in the

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recipient's or applicant's best interests, shall, upon filing a request within 30 days after notification of the decision or action complained of, be afforded an opportunity for a fair hearing. The opportunity to request a voluntary informal meeting and an opportunity for mutually agreed upon voluntary mediation shall also be offered at this time.

In this case, there is a question of fact as to whether Claim warrants an exemption for "Horses for Healing" pursuant to W&I Code §4648.5(c). There is also a question of fact as to whether "City of Sacramento Access Leisure" provides social skills training. W&I Code §4648.5(c) does not limit social skills training.

The law does not require that Claimant prove that she has a valid exemption prior to requesting a hearing. While the new law has made changes to services provided through the Regional Center, the new law has not changed the right to a hearing through the Office of Administrative Hearings. Claimant still has the right to obtain and produce documentation and to present testimony has to why she believes that she warrants an exemption.

ACRC's Service Policy Manual for Socialization Training Services states that:

"(ACRC) supports the promotion of social skill development when a school-aged individual's developmental disability interferes

with appropriate social development. Socialization training services address the development in social and behavioral domains with the objective of enhancing age appropriate social functioning, as appropriate to the individual's potential. These services may be purchased for individuals through the age of 21."

"City of Sacramento Access Leisure" provides both social skills training and social recreation services. While the new law does limit social recreation services, it does not limit social skills training. Claimant has the right to have a hearing and to produce evidence that she is receiving social skills training through "City of Sacramento Access Leisure".

It is Claimant's right to have an Administrative Law Judge determine what service "City of Sacramento Access Leisure" provides and whether Claimant is entitled to continue receiving it.

4715. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a request for a hearing is postmarked or received by the service agency no later than 10 days after receipt of the notice of the proposed action mailed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 4710, services that are being provided pursuant to a recipient's individual program plan shall be continued during the appeal procedure...

CONCLUSION

Alta does not have the right to be the sole arbiter of whether Claimant is entitled to an exemption or to the classification of a service. Claimant is entitled to a hearing. Thus, this matter should not be dismissed.

opportunities and choices. It is our belief that the principal test of the success of the Alta California Regional Center is the extent to which it enhances the quality of individual and family life and improves the consumer's and the family's satisfaction with the services received from or through the Regional Center. DDS The fair hearing process is a process for resolving disagreements between the regional center or state developmental center and consumers What are My Rights at Each Phase of the Fair Hearing Process? Every applicant, recipient of services, or authorized representative has the following rights at each phase of the fair hearing process (informal meeting, mediation, fair hearing): & You may have a person or agency appointed by the local area board as your representative to assist you in the fair hearing process; & You may be present at the informal meeting, mediation, and at the fair hearing with the representative of your choice; & You may give written and oral evidence; & You may give written and oral evidence; & You may appear with an attorney or any other representatives you choose; & You may review records the regional center or state developmental cent obtained while providing services; and & You may request that an interpreter be provided, if necessary, at no cos to you.		
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25 to you.	12	Every applicant, recipient of services, or authorized representative has the following rights at each phase of the fair hearing process (informal meeting, mediation, fair hearing): & You may have a person or agency appointed by the local area board as your representative to assist you in the fair hearing process; & You may be present at the informal meeting, mediation, and at the fair hearing with the representative of your choice; & You may give written and oral evidence; & You may confront and cross-examine witnesses; & You may appear with an attorney or any other representatives you choose; & You may review records the regional center or state developmental center obtained while providing services; and
26	25 26	to you.

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following services:

- (1) Camping services and associated travel expenses.
- (2) Social recreation activities, except for those activities vendored as community-based day programs.
- (3) Educational services for children three to 17, inclusive, years of age.
- (4) Nonmedical therapies, including, but not limited to, specialized recreation, art, dance, and music.
- (b) For regional center consumers receiving services described in subdivision (a) as part of their individual program plan (IPP) or individualized family service plan (IFSP), the prohibition in subdivision (a) shall take effect on August 1, 2009.
- (c) An exemption may be granted on an individual basis in extraordinary circumstances to permit purchase of a service identified in subdivision (a) when the regional center determines that the service is a primary or critical means for ameliorating the physical, cognitive, or psychosocial effects of the consumer's developmental disability, or the service is necessary to enable the consumer to remain in his or her home and no alternative service is available to meet the consumer's needs.